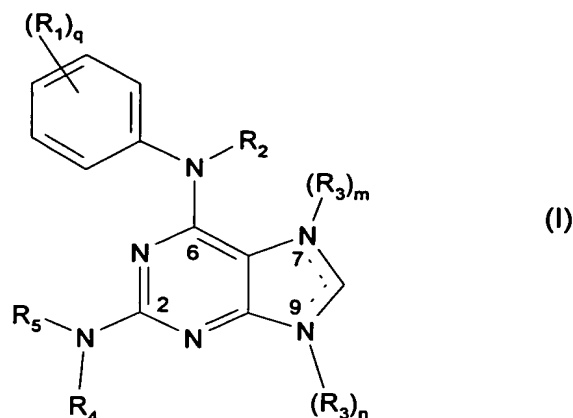


Patent claims:

1. A 2-amino-6-anilino-purine derivative of the formula I



in which q is 1-5,

R₁ is halogen, lower alkyl, hydroxyl or lower alkanoyloxy; lower alkoxy which is unsubstituted or substituted by hydroxyl, lower alkoxy or carboxyl; a radical of the formula

-O(-CH₂-CH₂-O)_t-R₆, in which t is 2-5 and R₆ is hydrogen or lower alkyl; carboxyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, piperazin-1-yl-carbonyl or carbamoyl; N-lower alkyl-carbamoyl which is unsubstituted in the lower alkyl moiety or substituted by hydroxyl or amino; N,N-di-lower alkyl-carbamoyl, cyano, nitro, amino, lower alkanoylamino, lower alkylamino, N,N-di-lower alkylamino, aminosulfonyl or trifluoromethyl, where, if more than one radical R is present in the molecule, these can be identical to or different from one another,

R₂ is hydrogen, carbamoyl or N-lower alkyl-carbamoyl,

m and n are each 0 or 1, where m is 0 if n is 1 and m is 1 if n is 0,

R₃ is lower alkyl or phenyl which are unsubstituted or in each case substituted by hydroxyl, lower alkoxy, amino, lower alkylamino or N,N-di-lower alkylamino, and

a) R₄ is hydrogen, amino, phenylamino, lower alkylamino, hydroxyl, phenoxy, lower alkoxy, acyl having 1-30 C atoms, a substituted aliphatic hydrocarbon radical having not more than 29 C atoms, a carbocyclic radical having not more than 29 C atoms or a heterocyclic radical having not more than 20 C atoms and not more than 9 heteroatoms and

R₅ is amino, phenylamino, lower alkylamino, hydroxyl, phenoxy, lower alkoxy, acyl having 2-30 C atoms, a substituted aliphatic hydrocarbon radical having not more than 29 C atoms,

a carbocyclic radical having not more than 29 C atoms or a heterocyclic radical having not more than 20 C atoms and not more than 9 heteroatoms, or

b) R_4 and R_5 together are a substituted or unsubstituted alkylene or -alkenylene [sic] radical having in each case not more than 15 C atoms, in which 1-3 C atoms can be replaced by oxygen, sulfur or nitrogen, or a salt thereof.

2. A compound of the formula I according to claim 1, in which

q is 1-5,

R_1 is halogen, lower alkyl, hydroxyl or lower alkanoyloxy; lower alkoxy which is unsubstituted or substituted by hydroxyl, lower alkoxy or carboxyl; a radical of the formula

$-O(-CH_2-CH_2-O)_t-R_6$, in which t is 2-5 and R_6 is hydrogen or lower alkyl; carboxyl, lower alkoxy-carbonyl, piperazin-1-yl-carbonyl or carbamoyl; N-lower alkyl-carbamoyl which is unsubstituted in the lower alkyl moiety or substituted by hydroxyl or amino; N,N-di-lower alkyl-carbamoyl, cyano, nitro, amino, lower alkanoylamino, lower alkylamino, N,N-di-lower alkylamino, aminosulfonyl or trifluoromethyl, where, if more than one radical R is present in the molecule, these can be identical or different from one another,

R_2 is hydrogen, carbamoyl or N-lower alkyl-carbamoyl,

m and n are each 0 or 1, where m is 0 if n is 1 and m is 1 if n is 0,

R_3 is lower alkyl or phenyl which are unsubstituted or in each case substituted by hydroxyl, lower alkoxy, amino, lower alkylamino or N,N-di-lower alkylamino and

a) R_4 is hydrogen, amino, phenylamino, lower alkylamino, hydroxyl, phenoxy or lower alkoxy; an acyl radical of the part formula $Z-C(=W)-$, in which W is oxygen, sulfur or imino and Z is hydrogen, hydrocarbyl R° , hydrocarbyloxyl $R^\circ-O-$ or an amino group of the formula $R_7(R_8)N-$, in which R° in each case is C_1-C_4 alkyl, hydroxy- C_2-C_{14} alkyl, cyano- C_1-C_4 alkyl, carboxy- C_1-C_4 -alkyl, C_1-C_4 alkoxy-carbonyl- C_1-C_4 alkyl, C_3-C_7 alkenyl or phenyl and R_7 and R_8 independently of one another are each hydrogen, lower alkyl, ω -amino-lower alkyl, lower alkylsulfonyl or phenyl;

an aliphatic hydrocarbon radical having not more than 29 C atoms, which is substituted by halogen, amino, lower alkylamino, ω -amino-lower alkylamino, lower alkanoylamino, benzoylamino, hydroxylamino, hydroxylimino, lower alkoxy-amino, phenyloxylamino, amino-cyclohexyl-amino-, amino-phenyl-amino-, carbamoyl-amino, (N-lower alkyl-carbamoyl)-amino, (N- $[\omega$ -amino-lower alkyl]-carbamoyl)-amino, (N-phenyl-carbamoyl)-amino, thio, lower alkylthio, thiocarbamoyl, thioureido, N-lower alkyl-thioureido, N-phenyl-thioureido, guanidino,

N-lower alkyl-guanidino, carboxyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, phenyloxycarbonyl, benzyloxy-carbonyl, hydroxylaminocarbonyl, carbamoyl, amidino, cyano, hydroxyl, lower alkoxy, phenyl-oxy, aminocarbonyl-oxy, oxo, aminosulfonyl, lower alkylsulfonyl-amino, glycyllamino, alanyl-amino, phenylalanyl-amino, prolylamino, valylamino, leucylamino, isoleucylamino, serylamino, threonylamino, cysteinylamino, methionylamino, tyrosylamino, tryptophanylamino, arginylamino, histidylamino, lysylamino, glutamylamino, glutaminylamino, asparagylamino, asparaginyllamino or phenylglycylamino;

benzyl, 2-phenyl-ethyl, 3-aminomethyl-benzyl, (1-hydroxy-cyclohex-1-yl)-methyl, (2-amino-3,5,5-trimethyl-cyclopentyl)-methyl, 1-[N-(1-carboxy-2-phenyl-ethyl)-carbamoyl]-2-carbamoyl-eth-1-yl, 1-carbamoyl-1-phenyl-methyl, 1-carbamoyl-2-(4-hydroxy-phenyl)-eth-1-yl, 1-carbamoyl-2-phenyl-eth-1-yl, 2-amino-1,2-diphenyl-eth-1-yl, 2-benzyloxycarbonyl-1-carbamoyl-eth-1-yl, 3-benzyloxycarbonyl-1-carbamoyl-prop-1-yl, 1-adamantyl-2-amino-prop-1-yl, 1-adamantyl-1-amino-prop-2-yl,

(2-furyl)-methyl, (2-tetrahydrofuryl)-methyl, 2-pyrid-2-yl-ethyl, 2-piperidino-ethyl, 2-(morpholin-4-yl)-ethyl, 2-(3-indolyl)-ethyl, 2-(4-imidazolyl)-ethyl, 1-carbamoyl-2-(β -indolyl)-eth-1-yl, 1-carbamoyl-2-imidazol-4-yl-eth-1-yl, 1-carbamoyl-2-indol-3-yl-eth-1-yl, 3-amino-methyl-oxetan-3-yl-methyl, 1-(acetoxo-imino)-1-(4-amino-2-oxa-1,3-diazol-5-yl)-methyl, 2-amino-cyclohex-1-yl, 3-amino-cyclohex-1-yl, 2-aminomethyl-3,3,5-trimethyl-cyclopent-1-yl, 3-amino-adamantan-1-yl, 2-carbamoyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-yl, 2-carbamoyl-cyclohex-1-yl, 9-amino-spiro[4.4]non-1-yl,

5-amino-2-oxa-1,3-diazol-4-yl, 4-amino-thien-3-yl, 3-carbamoyl-5-(3-[2,4-dichloro-phenyl]-1-oxo-prop-2-en-1-yl)-1,2-thiazol-4-yl, 3-carbamoyl-5-(3-[4-trifluoro-phenyl]-1-oxo-prop-2-en-1-yl)-1,2-thiazol-4-yl, 4-amino-2-(4-carboxy-butyl)-tetrahydrothiophen-3-yl, 3-amino-2-(4-carboxy-butyl)-tetrahydrothiophen-4-yl, [1,2,5]oxadiazolo[3,4-b](6-amino-pyrazin-5-yl), 2,5'-diacetyl-3-amino-thieno[2,3-b]thiophen-4'-yl or 3-amino-2,5'-dipivaloyl-thieno[2,3-b]thiophen-4'-yl, and

R₅, independently of R₄, is as defined above for R₄, with the exception of hydrogen, or

b) R₄ and R₅ together are 1,2-ethylene, propane-1,3-diyl, butane-1,4-diyl, pentane-1,5-diyl, 3-(3-amino-propionyl)-3-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl, 1-aminomethyl-butane-1,4-diyl, 1-hydroxy-methyl-butane-1,4-diyl, 3-(2-amino-ethyl)-pentane-1,5-diyl, 3-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl or 3-(2-amino-ethyl)-3-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl,

or a salt thereof.

3. A compound of the formula I according to claim 1 or 2, in which

q is 1-3 and

R₄ is hydrogen,
or a salt thereof.

4. A compound of the formula I according to claim 1, in which
q is 1,

R₁ is chlorine which is in the 3 position,

R₂ is hydrogen,

m is 0 and

n is 1,

R₃ is ethyl and

a) R₄ is hydrogen and

R₅ is amino, phenylamino, lower alkylamino, hydroxyl, phenoxy, lower alkoxy; an acyl radical of the part formula Z-C(=W)-, in which W is oxygen, sulfur or imino and Z is hydrogen, hydrocarbyl R^o, hydrocarbyloxy R^o-O- or an amino group of the formula R₇(R₈)N-, in which R^o in each case is C₁-C₄alkyl, hydroxylC₂-C₁₄alkyl, cyano-C₁-C₄alkyl, carboxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₄alkyl, C₃-C₇alkenyl or phenyl and R₇ and R₈ independently of one another are each hydrogen, lower alkyl, ω-amino-lower alkyl, lower alkylsulfonyl or phenyl; 2-carbamoyl-1-carboxy-eth-1-yl, 3-amino-2-hydroxy-prop-1-yl, 3-amino-prop-1-yl, 3-amino-2,2-dimethyl-prop-1-yl, 3-amino-2-oxo-prop-1-yl, 3-amino-1-carboxy-prop-1-yl, 3-amino-3-carboxy-prop-1-yl, 1,1-dicarbamoyl-methyl, 2-carbamoyl-eth-1-yl, 3-amino-1,3-di-hydroxyl-imino-prop-1-yl, 2-carbamoyl-1-hydroxylimino-eth-1-yl, 1-hydroxylimino-2-thiocarbamoyl-eth-1-yl, 3-amino-3-hydroxylimino-1-thio-prop-1-yl, 3-amino-pent-1-yl, 1-amino-pent-3-yl, 1-amidino-1-carbamoyl-methyl, 4-amino-1,1,1,3,5,5,5-heptafluoro-pent-2-yl, 3-amino-1,3-dicarboxy-prop-1-yl, 2-carbamoyl-1-ethoxycarbonyl-eth-1-yl, 2-amino-1,2-dithio-eth-1-yl, 2-amino-1,2-dioxo-eth-1-yl, 2-amino-2-methyl-prop-1-yl, 1-amino-2-methyl-prop-2-yl, 2-amino-prop-1-yl, 1-amino-prop-2-yl, 2-amino-eth-1-yl, 2-amino-2-carboxy-eth-1-yl, 2-amino-1-carboxy-eth-1-yl, carbamoyl-methyl, 1-carbamoyl-3-methyl-but-1-yl, 2-amino-1,2-dicarboxy-eth-1-yl, 1-carbamoyl-3-methylthio-prop-1-yl, 1-carbamoyl-2-methyl-prop-1-yl, 1-carbamoyl-eth-1-yl, 1-carbamoyl-1-cyano-methyl, 1-carbamoyl-3-carboxy-3-fluoro-prop-1-yl, 1-carbamoyl-2-carboxy-eth-1-yl, 2-amino-4-carboxy-but-1-yl, 1-amino-4-carboxy-but-2-yl, 1-carbamoyl-4-guanidino-but-1-yl, 1-carbamoyl-5-amino-pent-1-yl, 1-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-prop-1-yl, 1-carbamoyl-2-methyl-but-1-yl, 1-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-eth-1-yl, 1,3-dicarbamoyl-prop-1-yl, 2-amino-but-1-yl, 1-amino-but-2-yl, 1-carbamoyl-pent-1-yl, 1-carbamoyl-but-1-yl; benzyl, 2-phenyl-ethyl, 3-aminomethyl-benzyl, (1-hydroxy-cyclohex-1-

yl)-methyl, (2-amino-3,5,5-trimethyl-cyclopentyl)-methyl, 1-[N-(1-carboxy-2-phenyl-ethyl)-carbamoyl]-2-carbamoyl-eth-1-yl, 1-carbamoyl-1-phenyl-methyl, 1-carbamoyl-2-(4-hydroxy-phenyl)-eth-1-yl, 1-carbamoyl-2-phenyl-eth-1-yl, 2-amino-1,2-diphenyl-eth-1-yl, 2-benzyloxycarbonyl-1-carbamoyl-eth-1-yl, 3-benzyloxycarbonyl-1-carbamoyl-prop-1-yl, 1-adamantyl-2-amino-prop-1-yl, 1-adamantyl-1-amino-prop-2-yl, (2-furyl)-methyl, (2-tetrahydrofuryl)-methyl, 2-pyrid-2-yl-ethyl, 2-piperidino-ethyl, 2-(morpholin-4-yl)-ethyl, 2-(3-indolyl)-ethyl, 2-(4-imidazolyl)-ethyl, 1-carbamoyl-2-(β -indolyl)-eth-1-yl, 1-carbamoyl-2-imidazol-4-yl-eth-1-yl, 1-carbamoyl-2-indol-3-yl-eth-1-yl, 3-aminomethyl-oxetan-3-yl-methyl, 1-(acetoxymino)-1-(4-amino-2-oxa-1,3-diazol-5-yl)-methyl, 2-amino-cyclohex-1-yl, 3-amino-cyclohex-1-yl, 2-aminomethyl-3,3,5-trimethyl-cyclopent-1-yl, 3-amino-adamantan-1-yl, 2-carbamoyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-yl, 2-carbamoyl-cyclohex-1-yl, 9-amino-spiro-[4.4]non-1-yl, 5-amino-2-oxa-1,3-diazol-4-yl, 4-amino-thien-3-yl, 3-carbamoyl-5-(3-[2,4-dichloro-phenyl]-1-oxo-prop-2-en-1-yl)-1,2-thiazol-4-yl, 3-carbamoyl-5-(3-[4-trifluoro-phenyl]-1-oxo-prop-2-en-1-yl)-1,2-thiazol-4-yl, 4-amino-2-(4-carboxy-butyl)-tetrahydrothiophen-3-yl, 3-amino-2-(4-carboxy-butyl)-tetrahydrothiophen-4-yl, [1,2,5]oxadiazolo[3,4-b](6-amino-pyrazin-5-yl), 2,5'-diacetyl-3-amino-thieno[2,3-b]thiophen-4'-yl or 3-amino-2,5'-dipivaloyl-thieno[2,3-b]thiophen-4'-yl, or

b) R_4 and R_5 together are 1,2-ethylene, propane-1,3-diyl, butane-1,4-diyl, pentane-1,5-diyl, 3-(3-amino-propionyl)-3-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl, 1-aminomethyl-butane-1,4-diyl, 1-hydroxymethyl-butane-1,4-diyl, 3-(2-amino-ethyl)-pentane-1,5-diyl, 3-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl or 3-(2-amino-ethyl)-3-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl, or a salt thereof.

5. A compound of the formula I according to claim 1, in which q is 1-3,

R_1 is halogen, lower alkyl or lower alkoxy; N-lower alkyl-carbamoyl which is substituted in the lower alkyl moiety by hydroxyl; or trifluoromethyl, where, if more than one radical R is present in the molecule, these can be identical or different from one another,

R_2 is hydrogen,

m and n are each 0 or 1, where m is 0 if n is 1 and m is 1 if n is 0,

R_3 is lower alkyl which is unsubstituted or substituted by hydroxyl and

a) R_4 is hydrogen or hydroxy-lower alkyl and

R₅ is 2-amino-cyclohexyl; or lower alkyl which is substituted by amino, lower alkylamino, ω-amino-lower alkylamino, hydroxyl, lower alkoxy, phenyl, 3-aminomethyl-phenyl, 2-furyl, 2-tetrahydrofuryl, 2-pyridyl, piperidino, morpholin-4-yl, 3-indolyl, mercapto, 1-hydroxy-cyclohex-1-yl or by 4-imidazolyl; or

b) R₄ and R₅ together are an alkylene radical which has not more than 10 C atoms and is unsubstituted or substituted by hydroxyl or amino, and in which 1 C atom can be replaced by nitrogen, or a salt thereof.

6. A compound of the formula I according to claim 1 mentioned in the Examples or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

7. A compound of the formula I according to any one of claims 1-6 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt of such a compound for use in a method for therapeutic treatment of the human or animal body.

8. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of the formula I according to any one of claims 1-6 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt of such a compound together with a pharmaceutical carrier.

9. A pharmaceutical composition for treatment of tumours in warm-blooded animals, including humans, comprising an antitumourally effective dose of a compound of the formula I according to any one of claims 1-6 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt of such a compound together with a pharmaceutical carrier.

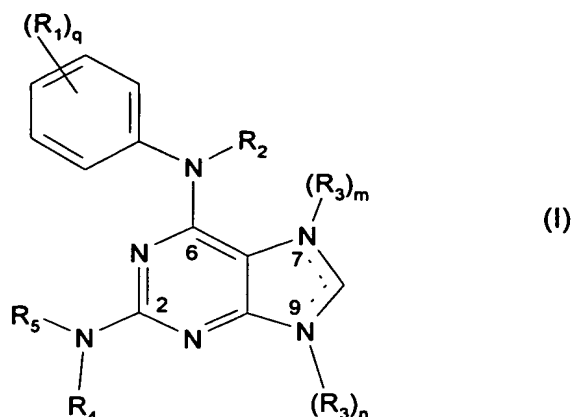
10. The use of a compound of the formula I according to any one of claims 1-6 or of a pharmaceutically acceptable salt of such a compound for the preparation of a pharmaceutical composition for use for chemotherapy of tumours.

11. The use of a compound of the formula I according to any one of claims 1-6 or of a pharmaceutically acceptable salt of such a compound for chemotherapy of tumours.

12. A method for treatment of warm-blooded animals, including humans, in which an antitumourally effective dose of a compound of the formula I according to any one of claims

1-6 or of a pharmaceutically acceptable salt of such a compound is administered to such a warm-blooded animal suffering from a tumour disease.

13. A process for the preparation of a 2-amino-6-anilino-purine derivative of the formula I



in which q is 1-5,

R₁ is halogen, lower alkyl, hydroxyl or lower alkanoyloxy; lower alkoxy which is unsubstituted or substituted by hydroxyl, lower alkoxy or carboxyl; a radical of the formula

-O(-CH₂-CH₂-O)_t-R₆, in which t is 2-5 and R₆ is hydrogen or lower alkyl; carboxyl, lower alkoxy, carbonyl, piperazin-1-yl-carbonyl or carbamoyl; N-lower alkyl-carbamoyl which is unsubstituted in the lower alkyl moiety or substituted by hydroxyl or amino; N,N-di-lower alkyl-carbamoyl, cyano, nitro, amino, lower alkanoylamino, lower alkylamino, N,N-di-lower alkylamino, aminosulfonyl or trifluoromethyl, where, if several radicals R are present in the molecule, these can be identical or different,

R₂ is hydrogen, carbamoyl or N-lower alkyl-carbamoyl,

m and n are each 0 or 1, where m is 0 if n is 1 and m is 1 if n is 0,

R₃ is lower alkyl or phenyl which are unsubstituted or in each case substituted by hydroxyl, lower alkoxy, amino, lower alkylamino or N,N-di-lower alkylamino and

a) R₄ is hydrogen, amino, phenylamino, lower alkylamino, hydroxyl, phenoxy, lower alkoxy, acyl having 1-30 C atoms, a substituted aliphatic hydrocarbon radical having not more than 29 C atoms, a carbocyclic radical having not more than 29 C atoms or a heterocyclic radical having not more than 20 C atoms and not more than 9 heteroatoms and

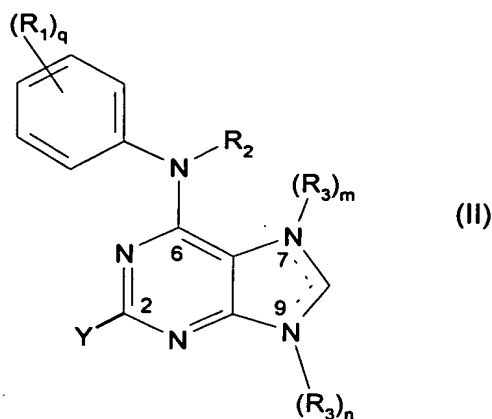
R₅ is amino, phenylamino, lower alkylamino, hydroxyl, phenoxy, lower alkoxy, acyl having 2-30 C atoms, a substituted aliphatic hydrocarbon radical having not more than 29 C atoms,

a carbocyclic radical having not more than 29 C atoms or a heterocyclic radical having not more than 20 C atoms and not more than 9 heteroatoms, or

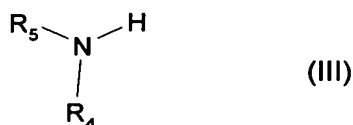
b) R_4 and R_5 together are a substituted or unsubstituted alkylene or -alkenylene [sic] radical having in each case not more than 15 C atoms, in which 1-3 C atoms can be replaced by oxygen, sulfur or nitrogen,

or a salt thereof, which comprises

a) reacting a compound of the formula II

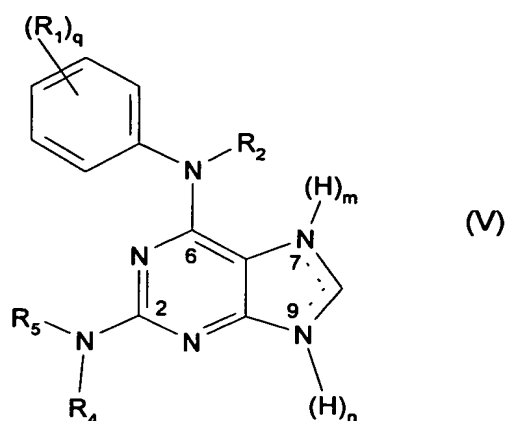


in which Y is a suitable leaving group and the other substituents and symbols are as defined above for compounds of the formula I, free functional groups present therein, if necessary, being protected by easily detachable protective groups, with an amine of the formula III



in which the substituents are as defined above for compounds of the formula I, free functional groups present therein, if necessary, being protected by easily detachable protective groups or, in accordance with the principle of latent functionality, being in a form which can be converted into the functional groups, and detaching the protective groups present and, if necessary, converting functional groups into the final form according to formula I, or

b) reacting a compound of the formula V



in which the substituents and symbols are as defined above for compounds of the formula I, free functional groups present therein, if necessary, being protected by easily detachable protective groups,

with a compound of the formula VI

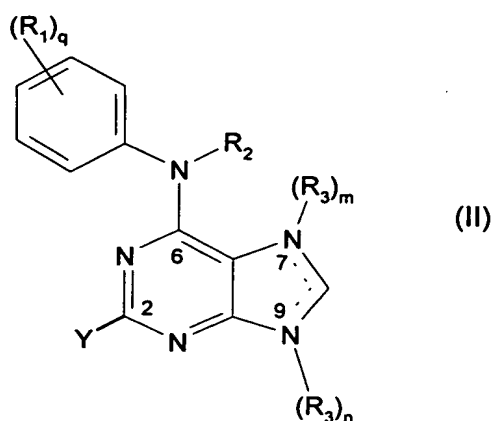


in which Y is a suitable leaving group and

R_3 is as defined above for compounds of the formula I, free functional groups present in R_3 , if necessary, being protected by easily detachable protective groups, and detaching the protective groups present,

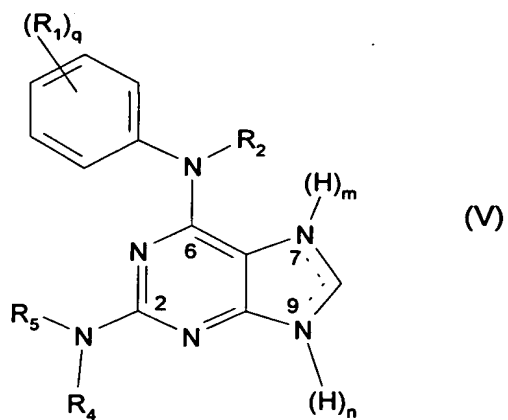
and, after carrying out process a) or b), if necessary for the preparation of a salt, converting a resulting free compound of the formula I into a salt or, if necessary for the preparation of a free compound, converting a resulting salt of a compound of the formula I into the free compound.

14. A compound of the formula II



in which Y is a suitable leaving group and the other substituents and symbols are as defined in claim 1 for compounds of the formula I, it being possible for free functional groups present therein to be protected by easily detachable protective groups, or a salt thereof.

15. A compound of the formula V



in which the substituents and symbols are as defined in claim 1 for compounds of the formula I, it being possible for free functional groups present therein to be protected by easily detachable protective groups.